

1. **ARRL MESSAGE EXAMPLE**

2. **1 R HXG WIAW 8 NEWINGTON CT 1830 JUL 1**
a b c d e f g h i

3. **DONALD SMITH**
164 EAST SIXTH AVE
NORTH RIVER CITY MD 21201
410 555 1234
OP NOTE DELIVER WEEKDAY
BT

4. **HAPPY BIRTHDAY X SEE YOU**
SOON X LOVE
BT

5. **DIANA**
OP NOTE SERVICE TO STATION OF ORIGIN

1. CHARACTERS: Use **only** capital letters, figures, slant bars (/).
2. PREAMBLE: (Tracking information stays with message to delivery)
- Number (begin with 1 each month or year - no leading zeros) SVC may be entered ahead of the number for Service messages.
 - Precedence (R, W, P, EMERGENCY). TEST + space may be used before Prec. in exercise traffic, as in: TEST P.
 - Handling Instructions (optional - see table for formatting)
 - Station of Origin (first amateur handler's call sign)
 - Check (number of words/groups in text only. ARL + space precede figures if ARRL Numbered Radiograms in the text, as in: "ARL 8". Corrections are appended with "/").
 - Place of Origin (signer's location, not necessarily location of station of origin)
 - Time Filed (optional with originating station - if not UTC, add time zone letters and adjust Date as necessary.)
 - Date (MON, 3 letters, DT, no leading zeros - must agree with Time Filed) Time Filed, Date and Time are assumed UTC by default.
3. ADDRESS: (complete with zip code, telephone #, email address, etc., may include an OP NOTE).
4. TEXT (typical limit, 25 groups, but may be expanded for emergencies) X as punctuation counts as a word - <BT> does not. A group is a series of characters with no spaces between them.
5. SIGNATURE (person for whom message originated - may include a full address and OP NOTE).

ARRL RADIOGRAM HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS ("HX-CODES")

HXA (Followed by number.) Collect landline delivery authorized by addressee within ____ miles, (if no number in blank, authorization is unlimited). This means that the originating station has obtained authorization from the addressee, through the party originating the message, to call collect when delivering the message.

HXB (Followed by number.) Cancel message if not delivered within ____ hours of filing time; service message back to originating station. NOTE: filing time must be included in preamble.

HXC Report date and time of delivery of the message back to the originating station by service message.

HXD Report to originating station the identity of station from which received, plus date and time. Report identity of station to which relayed, plus date and time, or if delivered, report date and time and method of delivery (this information is sent by service message to the originating station).

HXE Delivering station get reply from addressee, originate message back. This reply is sent to the person from whom the original message was received, at the "place of origin", using a full address obtained from the addressee. If an address is not available, a reply can often be successfully routed back to the station of origin since a record is kept of originator's info.

HXF (Followed by a number.) Hold delivery until ____ (date). This blank contains the number of the day on which the message should be delivered (even if it is in the following month).

HXG Delivery by mail or landline toll call not required. If toll call or other expense involved, cancel message and send service message back to originating station.

Compliance with these instructions is mandatory. **MORE THAN ONE HX__ CODE MAY BE USED.** If more than one code is used, they may be combined provided no numbers are to be inserted; otherwise the HX should be repeated, thus: **HXCE, HXAC, or HXA50 HXC**

Ed. note: The numbers following eligible HX__ codes are expected. In this example the HXA in the first case has the range number intentionally omitted, thus the "C" may be appended. In the second case, where the optional 50 mile range is included, the figures force the separation of the full "HXC."

ARRL MESSAGE SENT ON VOICE

"NUMBER ONE ROUTINE HOTEL X-RAY GOLF WHISKEY ONE ALFA WHISKEY EIGHT NEWINGTON CONNECTICUT ONE EIGHT TREE ZERO JULY ONE
DONALD SMITH I spell SIERRA MIKE INDIA TANGO HOTEL
figures ONE SIX FOUR EAST SIXTH I spell S I X T H initials ALFA VICTOR ECHO
NORTH RIVER CITY MARYLAND figures TWO ONE TWO ZERO ONE
figures FOUR ONE ZERO FIVE FIVE FIVE ONE TWO TREE FOUR
OP NOTE DELIVER WEEKDAY
BREAK" // (mandatory listening pause)
"HAPPY BIRTHDAY initial X-RAY SEE YOU SOON initial X-RAY LOVE
BREAK
DIANA I spell DELTA INDIA ALFA NOVEMBER ALFA
OP NOTE SERVICE TO STATION OF ORIGIN
END NO MORE"

(NOTE: It is critically important to voice the message at a speed suitable for the receiving operator to copy accurately. Use no extraneous words. Do not voice the names of message parts.)

SENDING MESSAGES BOOKED

Unique text groups are each marked by "BLANK" to affirm Check, and the actual groups are sent later with the unique parts after a "BREAK" or <BT> on CW. Copy begins with "BOOK OF [quantity] and ends with "END BOOK", or <AR> END BOOK <AR> on CW. Common parts are sent first. Book parts are separated by "BREAK" or <BT> on CW, each unique message part beginning with "NUMBER" or NR on CW. Booked messages may be sent to multiple stations, polled ready to copy, and checking with each for copy when their unique parts are finished; or bulletins sent to multiple stations, polled ready to copy and then polled for acknowledgment at the end.

PHONETIC ALPHABET

A	ALFA	S	SIERRA
B	BRAVO	T	TANGO
C	CHARLIE	U	UNIFORM
D	DELTA	V	VICTOR
E	ECHO	W	WHISKEY
F	FOXTROT	X	X-RAY
G	GOLF	Y	YANKEE
H	HOTEL	Z	ZULU
I	INDIA	1	ONE
J	JULIETT	2	TWO
K	KILO	3	THREE (TREE)
L	LIMA	4	FOUR
M	MIKE	5	FIVE (FIFE)
N	NOVEMBER	6	SIX
O	OSCAR	7	SEVEN
P	PAPA (PA-'PA)	8	EIGHT
Q	QUEBEC (KAY-'BEK)	9	NINE (NINER)
R	ROMEO	0	ZERO

ARRL RADIOGRAM PRECEDENCES

These precedences are not meant to prohibit handling lower level traffic until all higher levels are passed. Handle higher precedence traffic before lower as outlets are available.

EMERGENCY (Spelled out on form.)* - Any message having life and death urgency to any person or group of persons, which is transmitted by Amateur Radio in the absence of regular commercial facilities. This includes official messages of welfare agencies during emergencies requesting supplies, materials or instructions vital to relief of stricken populace in emergency areas. During normal times, it will be very rare. On CW/RTTY, this designation will always be spelled out. When in doubt, do not use it.

PRIORITY (P) - Use abbreviation P on CW/RTTY. This classification is for a) important messages having a specific time limit, b) official messages not covered in the emergency category, c) press dispatches and emergency related traffic not of the utmost urgency, d) notice of death or injury in a disaster area, personal or official.

WELFARE (W) - This classification, abbreviated as W on CW/RTTY, refers to either an inquiry as to the health and welfare of an individual in the disaster area or an advisory from the disaster area that indicates all is well. Welfare traffic is handled only after all emergency and priority traffic is cleared. The Red Cross equivalent to an incoming Welfare message is DWI (Disaster Welfare Inquiry).

ROUTINE (R) - Most traffic in normal times will bear this designation. In disaster situations, traffic labeled Routine (R on CW/RTTY) should be handled last, or not at all when circuits are busy with higher precedence traffic.

* **EMERGENCY:** Emergency is always spelled out in the preamble. Means other than Amateur Radio should be included in the delivery options. EMERGENCY messages have immediate urgency. They should take priority over any other activity and should be passed by the best means available with the cooperation of all stations.

FORMATTING

- DASH substitute for hyphen in text and zip codes
- DOT substitute for period in email addresses and URLs
- R substitute for decimal point in figure groups
- X substitute for period in text - except after last group

All other punctuation is entered as a spelled-out word.

EMAIL ADDRESS, URL,

JOHN DOT SMITH ATSIGN DOMAIN DOT NET
HTTP COLON SLASH SLASH WWW DOT WORK DOT COM

INTRODUCERS - VOICING, USE ONLY ONE PER GROUP

- Initial(s)** - "initial BRAVO", "initials JULIETT ROMEO"
 - Figure(s)** - "figure FOUR", "figures ONE NINER"
 - Mixed Group** - "mixed group BRAVO SLASH SIX"
 - Mixed Group Figure(s)** - "mixed group figures TWO TWO ZULU"
 - Amateur Call** - "amateur call WHISKEY ONE ALFA WHISKEY"
 - Telephone Figures** - to introduce telephone figures when no zip code
- NOTE: Introduced groups are voiced one character at a time, letters phonetically. Introducers are not voiced for Preamble groups.

ARRL MESSAGE SENT ON CW

NR 1 R HXG WIAW 8 NEWINGTON CT 1830 JUL 1
DONALD SMITH <AA>
164 EAST SIXTH AVE <AA>
NORTH RIVER CITY MD 21201 <AA>
410 555 1234 <AA>
OP NOTE DELIVER WEEKDAY
BT // (mandatory listening pause)
HAPPY BIRTHDAY X SEE YOU
SOON X LOVE
BT
DIANA <AA>
OP NOTE SERVICE TO STATION OF ORIGIN
<AR> N

ARRL QN SIGNALS FOR CW NET USE

QNA*	Answer in prearranged order.
QNB*	Act as a relay Between ____ and ____.
QNC	All net stations Copy. I have a message to all net stations.
QND*	Net is Directed (controlled by a net control station).
QNE*	Entire net stand by.
QNF	Net is Free (not controlled).
QNG	Take over as net control station.
QNH	Your net frequency is High.
QNI	Net stations report In.* I am reporting into the net. (Follow with a list of traffic or QRU.)
QNJ	Can you copy me? Can you copy ____?
QNK*	Transmit messages for ____ to ____.
QNL	Your net frequency is Low.
QNM*	You are QRming the net. Stand by.
QNN	Net control station is ____. What station has net control?
QNO	Station is leaving the net.
QNP	Unable to copy you. Unable to copy ____.
QNQ*	Move frequency to ____ and wait for ____ to finish handling traffic. Then send him traffic for ____.
QNR*	Answer ____ and Receive traffic.
QNS	Following stations are in the net.* (Follow with list.) Request list of stations in the net.
QNT	I request permission to leave the net for ____ minutes.
QNU*	The net has traffic for you. Stand by.
QNV*	Establish contact with ____ on this frequency. If successful, move to ____ and send him traffic for ____.
QNW	How do I route messages for ____?
QNX	You are excused from the net.* Request to be excused from the net.
QNY*	Shift to another frequency (or to ____ kHz) to clear traffic with ____
QNZ	Zero beat your signal with mine.

* For use only by the Net Control Station.

Notes on the Use of QN Signals

The QN signals listed above are special ARRL signals for use in amateur CW nets only. They are not for use in casual amateur conversation. Other meanings that may be used in other services do not apply. Do not use QN signals on phone nets. Say it with words. QN signals need not be followed by a question mark, even though the meaning may be interrogatory.

(From FSD-218 (2/91) "Pink Card", ARRL, 225 Main St., Newington, CT 06111)

INTERNATIONAL Q SIGNALS

A "Q" signal followed by a ? asks a question. A "Q" signal without the ? answers the question in the affirmative unless otherwise indicated.	
QRA	What is the name of your station?
QRG	What is my exact frequency?
QRH	Does my frequency vary?
QRI	How is my tone? (1-3)
QRK	What is my signal intelligibility? (1-5)
QRL	Are you busy?
QRM	Is my transmission being interfered with?
QRN	Are you troubled by static?
QRO	Shall I increase transmitter power?
QRP	Shall I decrease transmitter power?
QRR	Shall I send faster?
QRS	Shall I send slower?
QRT	Shall I stop sending?
QRU	Have you anything for me? (Answer in negative.)
QRV	Are you ready?
QRW	Shall I tell ____ you're calling him?
QRX	When will you call again?
QRZ	Who is calling me?
QSA	What is my signal strength? (1-5)
QSB	Are my signals fading?
QSD	Is my keying defective?
QSG	Shall I send ____ messages at a time?
QSK	Can you work break-in?
QSL	Can you acknowledge receipt?
QSM	Shall I repeat the last message sent?
QSO	Can you communicate with ____ direct?
QSP	Will you relay to ____?
QSV	Shall I send a series of V's?
QSW	Will you transmit on ____?
QSX	Will you listen for ____ on ____?
QSY	Shall I change frequency?
QSZ	Shall I send each word/group more than once? (Answer, send twice or ____.)
QTA	Shall I cancel number ____?
QTB	Do you agree with my word count? (Answer negative.)
QTC	How many messages have you to send?
QTH	What is your location?
QTR	What is your time?
QTV	Shall I stand guard for you?
QTX	Will you keep your station open for further communication with me?
QUA	Have you news of ____?

OPERATIONAL, PROWORDS, PROSIGNS

VOICE	CW
YES,	C
AFFIRMATIVE	
NO, NEGATIVE	N
ROGER	R
(ROGER/R means all received and understood. It does not mean yes/affirmative.)	
OVER	K
CLEAR	CL
CLEAR	<SK>
SEVENTY THREE	73
(Best regards - note meaning is plural.)	
ARL (in Check)	ARL (in CKT)
ARL (in Text)	ARL (in TXT)
(ARL + space precede Check figures if ARRL Numbered Radiograms in text - voiced as letters "A R L", ARL on CW. ARL + space precede the Numbered Radiograms in the text as 1 group.)	
NUMBER	NR
(begins message record copy until END)	
BOOK OF [#]	BOOK OF [#]
(begins record copy of [# as spelled word] booked messages until END BOOK)	
(use a slight pause) <AA>	
(<AA> marks end of address lines like a CR/LF)	
OP NOTE	OP NOTE
(Introduces operator delivery or service note - generally not delivered to addressee.)	
BREAK	<BT> or =
(Marks start and end of text and separates parts of booked messages. A listening pause follows a break at the start of the text and before NR when sending books. No listening pause before SIG.)	
END +	<AR> +
[MORE, ONE	[B, B1 (or 1), N]
MORE, NO MORE]	
(ends record copy of single messages + number of messages to follow)	
END BOOK	<AR> END BOOK <AR>
+ [MORE, ONE + [B, B1 (or 1), N] MORE, NO MORE]	
(ends record copy of messages sent booked + number of messages to follow)	
I SAY AGAIN	?
(FOR CLARITY)	(FOR CLARITY)
(Send "I SAY AGAIN, or "?" on CW, repeat previous group(s) for emphasis/clarity.	
I SAY AGAIN	?
(FOR ERROR)	(FOR ERROR)
(Send "I SAY AGAIN, or "?" on CW, repeat last group sent correctly, and then continue.)	
I SPELL	(none)
(Voice only ONE group then "I spell", and then spell the group with phonetics or letter spelling, then continue. Last and other proper names should be spelled phonetically.)	

FILL REQUESTS - VOICE

"[IN (part)] WORD AFTER (group(s))"	
"[IN (part)] WORD BEFORE (group(s))"	
"[IN (part)] ALL AFTER (group(s))"	
"[IN (part)] ALL BEFORE (group(s))"	
"[IN (part)] BETWEEN (group) AND (group)"	
"part name"	
"confirm (group(s))"	
FILL REQUESTS - CW	
"[IN (part)] WA (group(s))"	
"[IN (part)] WB (group(s))"	
"[IN (part)] AA (group(s))"	
"[IN (part)] AB (group(s))"	
"[IN (part)] BN (group) ES (group)"	
"part name"	
"CFM (group(s))"	
(Respond only with group(s) requested or CONFIRM on voice, CFM on CW, as warranted. The "[IN (part)]" is used optionally to avoid ambiguity in defining the fill location.)	

GENERAL NOTES: The objective in handling formal written Radiogram traffic is to pass an exact copy of the original message to the addressee in an efficient and timely fashion. Radio-email, added to the tool kit, allows real-time messaging everywhere, error corrected, with no intermediate relaying manpower needed.

V2.02 W3YVQ 11/08 P-2

NTSD BATCH FILE FORMAT - text files for posting Radiograms with the NTSD via Radio-email or direct.

ST 21201@NTSMD < WAIQAA
P BALTIMORE 410 555

78 P WAIQAA 15 ELLICOTT CITY MD 1800 SEP 20
BACI EOC
BALTIMORE MD 21201
410 555 1212
BT
TWELVE SUPPORT TEAMS IN ROUTE
TO YOUR EOC X DO
YOU HAVE EMERGENCY POWER QUERY
BT
MIKE WAIQAA MDC SEC

/EX

(blank line if last message, or ST line of next message - no blank line allowed)

ST + space + [zip]@NTS[2 letter state] is key to routing. Use some kind of zip code even if a generic one close to the delivery point - Canadian zips must entered as 6 characters with no middle space. The call after "<" is the station of origin. The next line is the TOWN line showing the Precedence Flag, town, area code and exchange of the message's phone number. Batch Files must contain only messages of the same precedence status, a combination of the Precedence itself plus the presence or absence of the HXD handling instruction and Service status (SVC messages). Thus the possible flags are **S, D, SD, W, SW, WD, SWD, P, SP, PD, SPD**. No flag R is used for Routine messages. Thus the P flag matches the Radiogram Precedence here. The blank line before the PBL and after the signature is for readability. The Radiogram is entered as shown, framing the text with BTs on lines of their own. The /EX ends the message and must be followed by one more blank line if the last message, or immediately by the ST of an additional message, if any. Many Radiograms may be packed into one Batch File. Booking is not permitted. Filenames must be 8 x 3 (FAT) plain text files.

RADIO-EMAIL TYPES

TYPE 1:	Radio-email carrying active Radiograms. Subject line begun NTS for plain text, NTSD for Batch Files + service class, [destination], quantity and the request for confirmation of receipt: "pse HXC this email".
TYPE 2:	Regular Radio-email with multiple network and/or internet addressees, binary attachments, email body text.
TYPE 3:	Radio-email sent to a single network client for delivery to a Radiogram type address entered with a PBL as the first lines of the body text, with an email-formatted body text message (a modern form of Radiogram).
TYPE 4:	Radio-email sent to a single client directly, peer-to-peer, for Re-filing (or forwarding) onto the network or internet by a station with access.